T	his is a reprint of a 1954 8 th Grade Civics Test on the Constitution worth 100 points to the student. The location and name of the school are unknown. The original test, completed by "Kenny Hignite" for 8 th Grade teacher "Mrs. Mildred Niemiec," can be viewed here: https://rense.com/general75/pass.htm . (p.s., Kenny scored a 98 ½% but should have gotten a 97 ½ since Mrs. Niemiec missed an incorrect answer)
	1-20. List the 20 cabinet positions (in 1954) and the names of the people who currently hold these positions.
	21-29. List the names of the current Supreme Court Justices.
	30-51. In 1-2 sentences each describe the purpose of each of the Constitutional Amendments. (Note. there were 22 Amendments at the time)
	52. What is the Bill of Rights?
	53. Who is President of the U.S.?
	54. Who is Vice-President of the U.S.?
	55. What is an un-written law?
	57. Two things necessary to any good government? (inexplicably there is no question 56)
	58. What is the plan of government of the U.S. called?
	59. A constitutional law is
	60. An unconstitutional law is
	61. A law is declared unconstitutional by the
	62. The President chooses a cabinet in order to
	63. The constitution grants all law-making powers to
	64-65. The two houses of Congress are
	66. The Constitution established two houses of Congress because,
	67. The number of representatives from each state is determined
	68. The Speaker of the House is
	69. The number of Senators from each state is
	70. A Senator is elected for
	71. The presiding officer of the Senate is
	72. The Vice-President does not have a vote in the Senate unless
	73. A President pro tempore is

/4. The life of each Congress is?
75. Congress convenes in regular session on
76. The President can call Congress into special session
77. The power to enforce the laws is given to
78. The President's term of office is
79. If a President dies, he is succeeded by
80. The President must be acitizen.
81. How old must a President be?
82. The oath of office is administered to President by
83. The President takes office on
84. The President can make treaties if
85. The highest law of the land is
86. The Supreme Court may annul laws if
87. A quorum in Congress is
88. A filibuster is
89. The number of Supreme Court Justices is
90. A writ of habeas corpus is
91. A bill of attainder is
92. An ex post facto law is
93. A reprieve is
94. A pardon is
95. Who regulates inter-state commerce?
96. What is naturalization?
97. What is piracy?
98. Does a dictator consider the welfare of the people?
99. Can a government function without the power to raise money?
100. Do wealth and power alone make a nation happy?
Write the Preamble to the Constitution.